This building is fairly typical of school architecture of the 1960s and '70s. There is a hip roof covering the sidewalk in front of the main entry, which is a set of double doors with a single door on each side. The two-story south wing of the building (the gymnasium) has a monitor roof, and large steel braces along its walls. The north wing of the building is only one story, and is dominated by its horizontal rows of windows.

By the late 1950s, Oberlin High School had outgrown its building on North Main St., currently used as Langston Middle School. In 1960, the first portion of the present Oberlin High School complex opened, including 11 classrooms, two laboratories, a library, administrative offices, and a lunch room, including one of the first microwave ovens (Tribune). The rest of the building opened in 1965, including two more classrooms, two science lecture rooms, a third laboratory, a gymnasium, and rooms for industrial arts, fine arts, music, and home economics. Brubaker Auditorium was added in the late 1980s (Richards). Currently, the landscaping in front of the building is dominated by a circular driveway. There are several acres of athletic fields behind the building.

The sources of information include:
- Oberlin High School
- Oberlin Historic Preservation Commission Files
- Sanborn fire insurance maps
- Pat Holsworth, Oberlin Pioneer Database
- Oberlin College Yearbooks, O.H.I.O. Resource Center
42. Further Description of Important Interior and Exterior Features (Continued from page 1)

43. History and Significance (Continued from page 1.)

the high school is enriched by the volunteer involvement of community entities such as Oberlin Community Services and Oberlin College.