This vernacular house has a multiple hip roofline with gabled ends facing to the east and south. The wall of the main entrance is recessed from the front façade. A set of glassed Italianate style doors creates the main entrance. The one over one windows also possess an Italianate influence although they are replacements to the original windows.

William Wheeler Wright, after college graduation, helped to manage the college farm in the 1840s. When the college abandoned its agricultural endeavor Mr. Wright purchased the land west of Professor Street. After the Civil War, W.W. Wright opened the lands for residential development and sold off lots. Mr. Wright’s son, Albert Allen Wright, professor of botany and geology, acquired this lot and had the front section of the house built. A large rear section was added a decade later (Blodgett). Mr. Wright, wife Mary Wright, (cont.)

44. Description of Environment and Outbuildings (see #52)
This residential block of Forest Street has well maintained 19th century homes on the south side of the street. On the north side the college has demolished some homes for the construction of dormitories.

45. Sources of Information
42. Further Description of Important Interior and Exterior Features (Continued from page 1)

43. History and Significance (Continued from page 1.)

and later their children were listed as occupants through 1920 (City Directories). A 1905 renovation included plumbing and a new front porch (Blodgett). Lloyd W. Taylor, an eminent physicist and college professor, was listed as occupant from 1929 through 1942; in 1956 and 1961 Mrs. Esther B. Taylor, widow of L.W., was listed as occupant (City Directories). Mrs. Taylor, Oberlin's last forceful temperance leader, maintained the family home until 1975 (Blodgett).

This house is significant for its long association with Oberlin College faculty. The house was listed by the City of Oberlin as an Oberlin Historic Landmark in January of 1999.